

SFP+10G 850nm 300M SR



Overview

The SFP+ SR module electrical interface is compliant to SFI electrical specifications. The transmitter input and receiver output impedance is 100 Ohms differential. Data lines are internally AC coupled. The module provides differential termination and reduce differential to common mode conversion for quality signal termination and low EMI. SFI typically operates over 200 mm of improved FR4 material or up to about 150mm of standard FR4 with one connector.

The transmitter converts 10Gbit/s serial PECL or CML electrical data into serial optical data compliant with the 10GBASE-SR standard. An open collector compatible Transmit Disable (Tx_Dis) is provided.

Features

- ◆ Optical interface compliant to IEEE 802.3ae 10G-SR
- ◆ Electrical interface compliant to SFF-8431
- ◆ Hot Pluggable
- ◆ 850nm VCSEL transmitter, PIN photo-detector
- ◆ Maximum link length of 300m on 2000MHz/km MMF
- ◆ Operating case temperature: 0 to 70 °C
- ◆ Low power consumption
- ◆ Maximum link length of 300m on 2000MHz/km MMF
- ◆ All-metal housing for superior EMI performance
- ◆ information to be stored in transceiver
- ◆ Cost effective SFP+ solution, enables higher port densities and greater bandwidth
- ◆ RoHS6 compliant (lead free) 

Applications

- ◆ 10GBASE-SR at 10.3125Gbps
- ◆ 10GBASE-SW at 9.953Gbps
- ◆ Other optical links

Ordering information

Part Number	Product Description
SFP-10GFX85-DX3	SFP+ 10Gbps, 850nm, 300km, 0°C ~ +70°C

Product description

This 850 nm VCSEL 10Gigabit SFP+ transceiver is designed to transmit and receive optical data over 50/125 μm or 62.5/125 μm multimode optical fiber.

Fiber type	Min. modal bandwidth @850nm (MHz.km)	Operating range (meters)
62.5 μm MMF	160	2 to 26
	200	2 to 33
50 μm MMF	400	2 to 66
	500	2 to 82
	2000	2 to 300

SFP+ SR Operating Range for each Optical Fiber Type

Absolute maximum rating

These values represent the damage threshold of the module. Stress in excess of any of the individual Absolute Maximum Ratings can cause immediate catastrophic damage to the module even if all other parameters are within Recommended Operating Conditions.

Parameters	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit
Power Supply Voltage	V_{CC}	0	+3.6	V
Storage Temperature	T_c	-40	+85	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Operating Case Temperature	T_c	0	+70	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Relative Humidity	RH	5	95	%
RX Input Average Power	P_{max}	-	0	dBm

Recommended operating environment

Recommended Operating Environment specifies parameters for which the electrical and optical characteristics hold unless otherwise noted.

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typical	Max	Unit
Power Supply Voltage	V_{CC}	3.135	3.300	3.465	V
Operating Case Temperature	T_c	0	25	70	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

Low Speed Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typical	Max	Unit
Power Consumption				1	W
TX_Fault, RX_LOS	VOL	0		0.4	V
	VOH	Host_Vcc-0.5		Host_Vcc+0.3	V
TX_DIS	VIL	-0.3		0.8	V
	VIH	2.0		VCCT+0.3	V

RS0,RS1	VIL	-0.3		0.8	V
	VIH	2.0		VCCT+0.3	V

Optical characteristics

The following optical characteristics are defined over the Recommended Operating Environment unless otherwise specified.

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typical	Max	Unit	Notes
Transmitter						
Center Wavelength	λ_t	840	850	860	nm	
RMS spectral width	P_m	-	-	Note 1	nm	
Average Optical Power	P_{avg}	-6.5	-	-1	dBm	2
Extinction Ratio	ER	3.5	-	-	dB	3
Transmitter Dispersion Penalty	TDP	-	-	3.9	dB	
Relative Intensity Noise	R_{in}	-	-	-128	dB/Hz	12dB reflection
Optical Return Loss Tolerance		-	-	12	dB	
Receiver						
Center Wavelength	λ_r	840	850	860	nm	
Receiver Sensitivity	P_{sens}	-	-	-11.1	dBm	4
Stressed Sensitivity in OMA		-	-	-7.5	dBm	4
Los function	Los	-30	-	-12	dBm	
Overload	P_{in}	-	-	-1.0	dBm	4
Receiver Reflectance		-	-	-12	dB	

Note:

- Trade-offs are available between spectral width, center wavelength and minimum OMA, as shown in below table.
- The optical power is launched into MMF
- Measured with a PRBS $2^{31}-1$ test pattern @10.3125Gbps
- Measured with a PRBS $2^{31}-1$ test pattern @10.3125Gbps, BER $\leq 10^{-12}$.

Center Wavelength (nm)	RMS Spectral width (nm)								
	Up to 0.05	0.05 to 0.1	0.1 to 0.15	0.15 to 0.2	0.2 to 0.25	0.25 to 0.3	0.3 to 0.35	0.35 to 0.4	0.4 to 0.45
840 to 842	-4.2	-4.2	-4.1	-4.1	-3.9	-3.8	-3.5	-3.2	-2.8
842 to 844	-4.2	-4.2	-4.2	-4.1	-3.9	-3.8	-3.6	-3.3	-2.9
844 to 846	-4.2	-4.2	-4.2	-4.1	-4.0	-3.8	-3.6	-3.3	-2.9
846 to 848	-4.3	-4.2	-4.2	-4.1	-4.0	-3.8	-3.6	-3.3	-2.9
848 to 850	-4.3	-4.2	-4.2	-4.1	-4.0	-3.8	-3.6	-3.3	-3.0
850 to 852	-4.3	-4.2	-4.2	-4.1	-4.0	-3.8	-3.6	-3.4	-3.0
852 to 854	-4.3	-4.2	-4.2	-4.1	-4.0	-3.9	-3.7	-3.4	-3.1
854 to 856	-4.3	-4.3	-4.2	-4.1	-4.0	-3.9	-3.7	-3.4	-3.1

856 to 858	-4.3	-4.3	-4.2	-4.1	-4.0	-3.9	-3.7	-3.5	-3.1
858 to 860	-4.3	-4.3	-4.2	-4.2	-4.1	-3.9	-3.7	-3.5	-3.2

Minimum 10GBASE-SR OMA as Function of Wavelength and Spectral Width

Electrical characteristics

The following electrical characteristics are defined over the Recommended Operating Environment unless otherwise specified.

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typical	Max	Unit	Notes
Data Rate		-	10.3125	-	Gbps	
Power Consumption		-	1200	1500	mW	
Transmitter						
Single Ended Output Voltage Tolerance		-0.3	-	4.0	V	
C common mode voltage tolerance		15	-	-	mV	
Tx Input Diff Voltage	VI	400		1600	mV	
Tx Fault	VoL	-0.3		0.4	V	At 0.7mA
Data Dependent Input Jitter	DDJ			0.10	UI	
Data Input Total Jitter	TJ			0.28	UI	
Receiver						
Single Ended Output Voltage Tolerance		-0.3	-	4.0	V	
Rx Output Diff Voltage	Vo	300		850	mV	
Rx Output Rise and Fall Time	Tr/Tf	30			ps	20% to 80%
Total Jitter	TJ			0.70	UI	
Deterministic Jitter	DJ			0.42	UI	

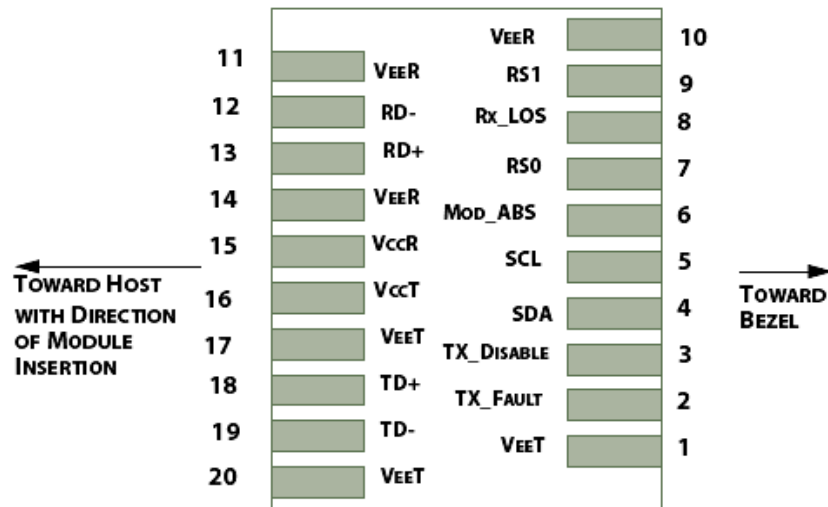


Figure 1: Interface to Host PCB

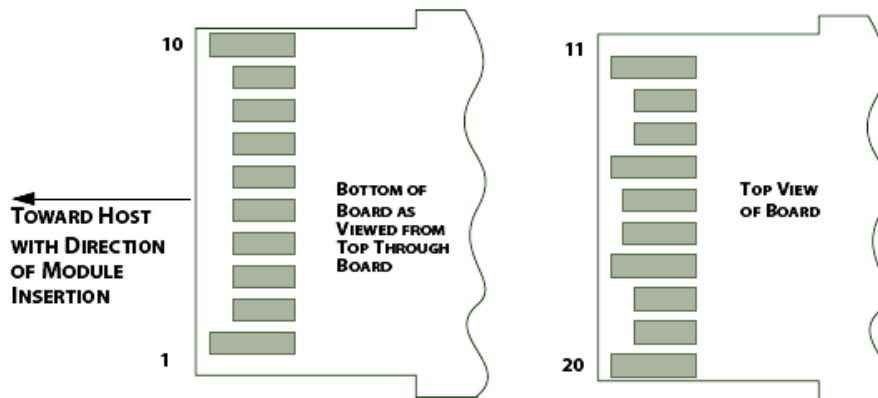


Figure 2: Module Contact Assignment

Pin definition

Pin	Symbol	Name/Description
1	VEET [1]	Transmitter Ground
2	Tx_FAULT[2]	Transmitter Fault
3	Tx_DIS[3]	Transmitter Disable. Laser output disabled on high or open
4	SDA [2]	2-wire Serial Interface Data Line
5	SCL [2]	2-wire Serial Interface Clock Line
6	MOD_ABS [4]	Module Absent. Grounded within the module
7	RS0 [5]	Rate Select 0

8	RX_LOS [2]	Loss of Signal indication. Logic 0 indicates normal operation
9	RS1 [5]	Rate Select 1
10	VEER [1]	Receiver Ground
11	VEER [1]	Receiver Ground
12	RD-	Receiver Inverted DATA out. AC Coupled
13	RD+	Receiver DATA out. AC Coupled
14	VEER [1]	Receiver Ground
15	VCCR	Receiver Power Supply
16	VCCT	Transmitter Power Supply
17	VEET [1]	Transmitter Ground
18	TD+	Transmitter DATA in. AC Coupled
19	TD-	Transmitter Inverted DATA in. AC Coupled
20	VEET [1]	Transmitter Ground

Notes:

- [1]. Module circuit ground is isolated from module chassis ground within the module.
- [2]. Should be pulled up with 4.7k – 10k ohms on host board to a voltage between 3.15V and 3.6V.
- [3]. Tx_Disable is an input contact with a 4.7 kΩ to 10 kΩ pullup to VccT inside the module.
- [4]. Mod_ABS is connected to VeeT or VeeR in the SFP+ module. The host may pull this contact up to Vcc_Host with a resistor in the range 4.7 kΩ to 10 kΩ. Mod_ABS is asserted “High” when the SFP+ module is physically absent from a host slot.
- [5]. RS0 and RS1 are module inputs and are pulled low to VeeT with > 30 kΩ resistors in the module.

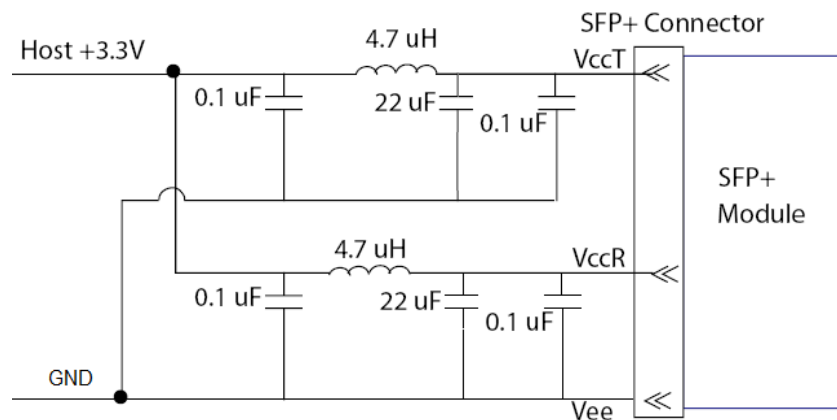


Figure3. Host Board Power Supply Filters Circuit

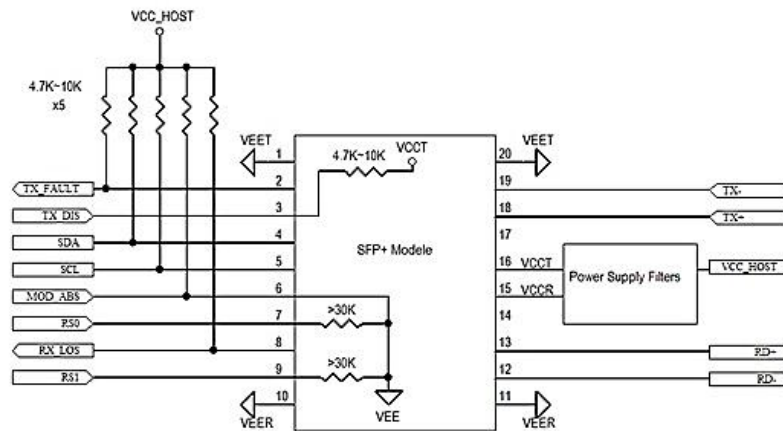


Figure4. Host-Module Interface

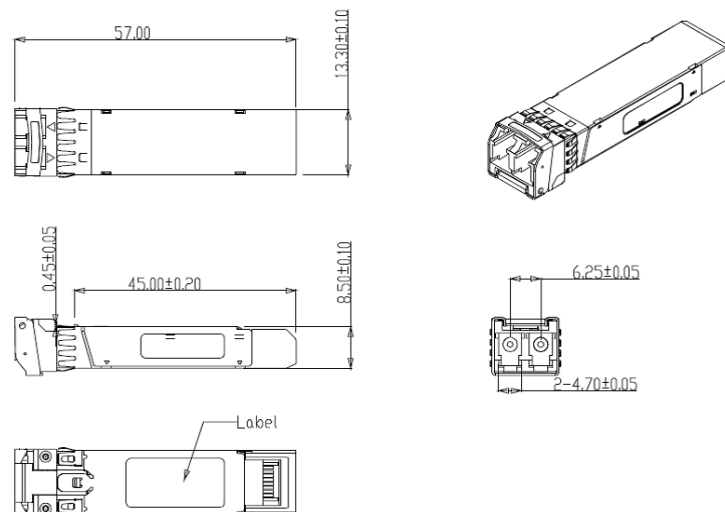


Figure5. Mechanical Specifications

References

1. "Specifications for Enhanced Small Form Factor Pluggable Module SFP+", SFF-8431, Rev 4.1, July 6, 2009.
2. "Improved Pluggable Formfactor", SFF-8432, Rev 4.2, Apr 18, 2007
3. IEEE802.3ae – 2002
4. "Diagnostic Monitoring Interface for Optical Transceivers" SFF-8472, Rev 10.3, Dec 1, 2007